

EDGAR SNOWDEN.

TRURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 11, 1878.

In the Senate, to day, the Blair resolutions to contest Mr. Hayes' right to the Presidency were presented by Mr. Dennis, who stated, however, that he was opposed to them. The Burnside bill to admit negroes to all branches of the U. S. army was discussed, as was the Bankrupt act, and the resolution in reference to the alleged kidoapping of one Noyes. Mr. Blaine spoke on the Deficiency bill. The Sen-

ate agreed to adjourn from to day till Monday. In the House of Representatives a bill was introduced appropriating \$27,000 for the public schools of Washington. The Pension bill was considered in committee of the whole, and there was a lively "passages at arms" between Messrs. Sparks, Hana and Chittenden.

It will be seen that Mr. Jao. F. Lewis was today nominated for marshal of the western district of Virginia.

From present appearances it seems probable that the U. S. House of Representatives will (ax all incomes over \$2,000, and also suspend the collection of the sinking fund for the payment of the principal of the public debt. As both these measures will unquestionably redound to the public good we hope the radical majority in the Senate will concur in the action of the democratic mejority in the House, that is, should the present expectation concerning that action be realized. As we have heretofore said there is no man who will be exempt from the payment of the income tax who would not cheerfully render himself liable to its exaction, and there can be no good reason assigned for burdening people already overtaxed to pay a debt that the creditors don't want paid, and the payment of which, though operous now, will be comparatively nothing in more prosper-

The Washington organ of the ultra, stalwart, anti-administration, and strongest wing of the republican party, says "it is apparent that the republican party in the north is everywhere of the finest steamers of the Hamburg Ameriawakening to the necessity of unfurling the old flag, under which it has won so many victories on the Congressional and Presidential field, and following it to fresh corquests." The flug alluded to is the bloody shirt. It is, we are sorry to say, the most effective they can use, and probably will be for many years. We believe, however, that the material interests of the North, involved in the contest, if not its patriotic conservatism, will be sufficient to defeat the forces led by Messrs. Howe, Blaice and the other radical captains, even when marching under the flig that raises enthusiastic hate to its highest pitch, wherever it is unfurled in the North.

Senator Edmunds' remark, Tuesday, alluding Mr. Blaine, who was trying to defeat a bill compelling the Pacific Railroads to pay their just obligations to the government, that there "were Senators who were not as black as they had been painted in connection with stocks," will tend to impair his reputation for veracity, for, according to those who are familiar with the true inwardness of Mr. Blaine, no bues are black enough to paint bis true color-indeed from all accounts the half of what is known concerning the devious paths he has pursued has not been told.

Kansas will, it is reported, present, as its contribution to the national statuary hall in the Capitol at Washington, a statue of John Brown, which the large radical majority in that State imagine will be a courteous expression of the kindly feeling one State of the Union intertains for another. If every low, gross, and gratuitous insult offered the South were resented the people of this country would be continually at each other's throats. Fortunately for the nation, the South, conscious that the insults are un merited, bears them discreetly and submits to them patiently.

Virginia News.

The Richmond Dispatch says: "The gold cases" are to be tried again (the last jury dis agreed) this week by the United States Circuit Court, Judge Hughes. Hon. J. M. Bennett, of West Virginia, who was Auditor of the State when the gold was paid out, is here to testify in the matter. There was in all \$21,-000 distributed the night of the evacuation .-Governor Smith got one bag containing \$5,000. \$16,000 was then apportioned among seventysix other persons. All the parties gave receipts for the amounts received. In these receipts, written by Mr. Bennett, they obligated themselves to return the money to the State

Treasury when called upon so to do. Nearly all the professional gamblers in Richmond, and many of those who expected to be summoned before the Grand Jury as witnesses against them, have left that city. The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Index says: The question is asked where will all the sporting members of the General Assembly get their suppers this winter if Judge G. L. Chris tian is going to break up the fare banks.

The Supreme Court of Appeals Tuesday decided that to day it would hear Mr. each power Russia included would Royall and the Attorney General discuss the liberty of appreciation and of action. question of the legality of the State's tax upon coupons. Coupons are now worth between \$3 | San Stefano says:-"The Grand Duke Nicho and 84. They will go up to 90 or more if a las and Generals Gourko, Skobeleff, Nepokoitfavorable decision is rendered in this case.

The returns from the Moffet register for the month of March show the following average per register in each city: Danville, \$18; Alexandria, \$5; Fredericksburg, \$9; Lynchburg, \$5; Manchester, \$12; Richmond \$9.50; Stauoton, \$18; Wicchester, \$13; Norfolk, \$5; Portsmouth, \$9; Petersburg, \$5.50.

Lawrence Schoolcraft, formerly proprietor of the Richmond Ecquirer, was married to Miss Ida Campbell, daughter of Parker Campbell. Esq., the well known banker of Richmond. last night.

The Legislature at its last session passed a law making it a misdemeanor for any one to pay the poll tax of another in order to get his | Thessaly has been countermanded.

Foreign News.

THE EASTERN QUESTION. The London Times of yesterday says that the debate in Parliament has materially tended to clear up the obscurities of a perilous situation, and it has brought the prospect of peace nearer than before. The debate has not had the same reasoning reassuring aspect abroad, and especially at Vienna, where a Congress is looked forward to as the only possible way of reaching a pacific solution, and therefore the supposed warlike attitude of England is not approved. Austria has made no provision for the eventuality of a final failure of the Congress project, but it is thought she will, when the necessity of receding is forced upon her, join England in resistance to the Russian demands. The neutrality of Turkey is not possible, and Constantinople is lost to her whichever way she decides in case of war. If she allies herself to Russia the troops of the latter will take posses. sion as a pledge of her fidelity, and if she casts her lot in with England the Russians have the power to take Constantinople, Gallipoli, Buyukdere and the European shores of the Bos phorous and Dardanelles if the Russian torpedoes succeed in preventing the interference of the British fleet. The London Times claims that a Congress of the Powers alone is competent to decide upon the arguments of Lord Salisbury and Prince Gortschakoff.

There is considerable anxiety in London with regard to the secret arrangement that led to Lord Derby's resignation, owing to the belief that they are connected with orders transmitted to the Admiral of the British fleet, which are contingent upon the movement of the Russian troops before Constantinople. The Russian commanders at Bucharest believe that the Eoglish fleet cap succeed in forcing its way into the Black Sea, and are opening a line of land transportation over lines not accessible to intrruptions by the fleet, and also distant from the Austrian frontier. The Russian troops have occupied the Roumanian bank of the Danube, and command the railway station at Figtest, and various important positions on the Seyas plov river, in spite of the Roumanian authorities. Mr. Layard, the British Minister at Constantinople, has succeeded in paralyzing for the present Russia's endeavors to obtain the friend

ship of the Sultan. A Sr. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs: 'The horizon is again overcast. The change is attributed to the speeches made in the British Parliament, to the consequent alteration in the attitude of the Austrian Cabinet and the apparent hesitation of Germany to act as mediator. It is believed in official circles that some of Lord Salisbury's remarks on Monday

indicate an intention of going to war. A Berlin correspondent says the attempts at mediation seem to have made it probable that the Powers will only consent to participate in the revision of the treaty of San Stefano on the same condition as demanded by England.

The Berlin Post says:-"Austrian agents have informed their Government that Russia has promised Bosnia to Servia in the event of the renewal of hostilities. This news has produced a bad impression at Vienna.

A Vienna dispatch says Austria seems to consider Prince Gortschakoff's answer satisfactory, and thinks England can exact no further assurance than therein contained, previous to

the Congress. A Berlin special says in spite of denials, four can Packet Line have been engaged by the

LONDON, April 11.-For the protection of the ships in the Mediterranean from torpedoes a number of steam launches will be sent to Ismid and other stations A number of torpedo boats were sent from the Chatham dock yard to the Mediterranean yesterday. A chartered steamer is now loading a large number at Victoria docks, the intention being to supply each vessel of the fleet with at least two torpedo boats. Additional 38 ton guns are also shipping for the Mediterranean in the London docks. The warlike preparations of the Russians and

Turks about Constantinople continue. The Servians have established two days quarantine on the Austrian frontier. It is believed that this is rather from political than sanitary

Apprehensions are expressed in Bucharest that the Russians intend enforcing strict mar

A Bucharest journal states that Prince Gortschakeff has requested the Government to repress the bitter tone of the Roumania press regarding Bessarabia and the two years' occupation of Bulgaria. The ultimate effect of Prince Gortschakeff's circular is not reassuring. It is pointed out here that the Government cannot accept the invitation to promulgate counter proposals. In consequence of their view that question must be settled by the Powers jointly. In Vienna, where only a telegraphic summary has yet been received, the most serious deduc tion is that the hope beretofore held out from St. Petersburg, of a renewal of the conference negotiations, is not confirmed by Prince Gortschakoff's circular, which says nothing about accepting England's condition for going to a Congress. Without some such concession on the part of Russia no step can be taken towards a peaceful settlement. The suddenness with which the circular was telegraphed to London during the debate on the address to the Queen excites remark. The special edition of the London Times containing it was issued about eight o'clock Tuesday night. Sir William Vernon Harcourt and Mr. Leonard Henry Courtney, Liberals, distributed the papers in the House of Commons. The text of the circular was paid for relief of widowed families, \$4,163; published in the original French. The inference is that the circular was specially framed with the view of influencing publicopinion here and burried into the hands of members of Pariament in the hope of affecting the vote on the

A special dispatch from London to the Edinburgh Scotsman, says that at the secret determinations of the Cabinet, Lord Derby meant as compelling his retirement there from, were the seizure of Gallipoli and the landing of an army corps in Anatola.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 11.-Defensive works ncar Constantinople are being carried on with great energy. The Turkish authorities at the Island of Tenedos bave requested instructions from the Porte in view of the disembarkation of British marines to guard a depot of war material on the island.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 11.—Prince Gorts chakoff's circular to the Ambassadors accompanying his reply to Lord Salisbury's circular, regrets that the latter besides criticising the treaty of San Stefano did not say what the Government desired. He believes that if Lord Salisbury will make known their wishes a better understanding of the situation may be reached. As to a Congress the circular says: 'Russia can only reiterate the declaration that each power Russia included would have full

London, April 11.- A special dispatch from chitzkey, Shouvaloff and Levitzky, with a large staff and an escort of fifty cavalry, yesterday visited the principal defensive works lately commenced by the Turks between San Stefano and Constantinople and then embarked on board the imperial yacht Livadia for the city. The crection of these defences has caused great indignation. The Grand Duke Nicholas has the land understand themselves to be under ebtained an order to stop it. It is rumored orders from the President to abstain from parthat Osman Pasha ordered the destruction of the works without the knowledge of Reouf Pasha, War Minister, at the instigation of M. Layard, the British Ambassador, who is accused of trying to bring on a war between

Russia and England. The despatch of Turkish reinforcements to

A telegraph cable has been laid through The dwelling house of Mr. W. B. Smith, the Dardanelles to Cartal, affording direct near Upperville, with nearly all its contents, was destroyed by fire last Saturday.

The report that the school and the school of a wave. They are going to fire!" The words were heard by the correct.

News of the Day.

Stephen Regnier, the prize fighter who was beaten and so badly disfigured by Charles Hurley, in the fight on the Delaware and Pennsylvania line Friday morning, is reported to be in a condition from which it is entirely likely be may not recover. Inst evening he was suffering from an attack of brain fever, superinduced by the injury to the eye and abetted by the other punishment. Hurley, his antagonist in the fight, on receiving his stake, disappeared, and has not since been seen, though it is understood that he went to Baltimore. Regnier was first brought to Wilmington and then taken to Lancaster, and finally to Reading, in the vicipity of which place he now remains, the ob ject of the detour being to avoid pursuit in case any has been made. A dispatch from Reading Pa., says Stephen Regnier, the pugilist, is believed to be dying of injuries received in a prize fight with Charles Hurley, near Chester, on Friday last. His cheek bone was broken in the encounter, and a splinter of it entered his right eye, destroying the sight. Brain fever has set in, and his recovery is not

It is announced here that H. A. McIntire, President of the First National Band of Lake City, and Vice President of the First National Bank of Colorado Springs, Col., has absconded with \$70,000. The first disclosures were made recently, and showed that McIntire had, in the interim following the death of the late President of the bank at Colorado Springs and before the vacancy was supplied, secured from the deposits of this bank between \$30,000 and \$40,000. In addition to this he has hypothecated the stock of the two banks with which he was connected, amounting to \$25,000. It is feared that the effect upon the Lake City Bank will be irreparable, and that further disclosures will swell the estimate already made.

A large meeting of the citizens of Annapolis. Md., was held yesterday to take some action in regard to the recent arrest in Baltimore of Mrs. Alice Aspald, of Annapolis, charged with the theft of two valuable diamond rings. Many officers of the Naval Academy were present, especially the Naval engineers, to which branch of the service the late Mr. Aspald was attached. Resolutions expressive of the general belief in Mrs. Aspald's entire innocence, and denunciaory of the insult to which she had been sub ected were unanimously adopted.

The New York Sun draws attention to the fact that these are trying days for the young Duchess of Edinburg. Her mother in law, Victoria, is getting ready to go to war with her papa, the Czar, and it is quite within the chances that her busband's ship may presently te blown up by one of her papa's torpedoes. As the Duchess is an ardent Russian and fairly idolizes the Czar, her position just now is anything but an enviable ouc.

Forty one of the adult Indian prisoners recently released from confinement at St. Augus tine, Fla., have left that point by steamer for Norfolk, Va., where they will go West by rail, and will be distributed among the Southwestern agencies in the Indian Territory. Sixteen of the released prisoners, however, who are youths, will be placed at school without any expense to the government.

Edwin Middleton Almonte, the first clown of Barnum's circus, better known as Ted Almonte, as an "old ruffian" and "heretic." They also that something ought to be done to restore ordied of quick consumption, in New York, last climbed the wall of the church yard, hustled the der and stop the robbery. At his suggestion evening. He performed his duties in the ring on Wednesday afternoon, and even made an ing the reading of the service. Several mournattempt to go through with them on the same

The car house of the New London Northern Railroad Company, at New London, Ct., was totally destroyed by fire this morning, with pine passenger, two baggage and one treight car. One passenger car was also damaged. Loss \$35,000; insured for about one half.

Bishop Andrews, of the New York Methodist Conference, has decided that the licensing of women as preachers is against the doctrines of Wesley. The disappointed advecates of the new departure have taken an appeal to the General Conference.

Secretary Sherman is uniting business with pleasure, in New York. His family are there with him, engaged in preparing the wedding trouseau of his niece, who is to be married to Don Cameron at Cleveland on the 9th of next

Frederick Savage, the murderer of Rose Vincent, of Methuen, plead guilty yesterday, and was removed to the Biddeford, Maine, jail, in order to avert a threatened attempt by an

excited crowd to lynch him. Wm. M. Tweed is confined to his bed in Ludlow street jail, New York, his counsel says from constant suspense and anxiety. His physician says he is suffering from a complica-

tion of diseases. Mr. Dennison has resigned his position as one of the Commissioners of the District of Co-

I. O. O. F.—The following statistics are contained in the annual report of the Grand Master of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, presented at the meeting of the Grand Lodge, now in session at Richmond: Year 1876-Number of lodges, 48; initiated, 253; admitted by cards, 34; reiostated, 49; withdrawn by card, 61; suspended or dropped, 303; expelled, 6; deceased, 46; number of brothers relieved, 549; number of widowed families relieved, 155; amount paid for relief of brothers, \$12,097; amount amount paid for education of orphans, \$210; amount paid for burying the dead. \$4,655; total amount paid for relief, \$21,424; total receipts by subordinate lodges, \$32,986; number of week's sickness for which benefits were paid, 2,747; total membership, 3,192; percentage of relief to receipts, 64. Year 1877-Number of lodges, 49; initiated, 174; admitted by cards, 25; reinstated, 50; withdrawn by card, 43; suspended or dropped, 400; expelled, 9; deceased, 44; number of brothers relieved, 528; number of widowed families relieved, 134; amount paid for relief brothers, \$8,228; amount paid for relief widowed families, \$3 020; amount paid for education of orphans, \$108; amount paid for burying the dead; \$3,146; total amount paid for relief, \$14,702, total receipts by subordinate lodges, \$27,975; number of week's sickness for which benefits were paid, 2,324; total membership, 2,945; percentage of relief to roceipts, 52.

At yesterday's session, after the reading of the mioutes Judge E. H. Firzhugh read the report of the Committee on Memoirs, to which the Grand Lodge listened with deep interest, especially to that part relating to the death of Past Grand Sire Fred. D. Stuart. Appropriate resolutions were adopted by the Grand Lodge

and placed upon the minutes. Past Grand Hugh Latham submitted the action of the Lodge at Alexandria on the life and death of P. G. S. Fred. D. Stuart.

caucus held in Washington last night:

put forth their best efforts; and whereas, nearly ninety thousand republican officials throughout great work ; therefore be it

rescind his order forbidding participation by culty will be settled until a new generation vice in meetings, caucuses, conventions and com- comes upon the scene. These overtures do mittees of a political character. Resolved, That the secretary of this meeting | the establishment of fraternal relations between

The National Congressional Republican Com-

Miscellaucous Foreign News. Dr. Butt has announced that he cannot man-

age the home rule party while in Dublin, and begs to be relived from the responsibility of the leadership.

The Earl of Leitrim was buried in St. Mi chael's Church, at Dublin, yesterday. A crowd of about three bundred hissed, hooted and cheered cutside of the church. The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland has proclaimed the district comprising Lord Leitrim's Donegal estates under the peace preservation act.

The famine in the northern provinces of China is increasing. An unconfirmed rumor is current that cx

Marshal Bazaine is dead. A letter from Havans, April 6, says :- "The complete restoration of peace has not been proclaimed officially as yet, and it seems that there is a lull at present in transactions between the formerly belligerent parties, but this quiet state of affairs is solely due to the circumstance that the bulk of the insurgents having surrendered the small marauding parties which daily sur render still do not attract the attention of the people, and although the Government might rightfully declare the insurrection as finally conquered, it does not wish to do so until the last of the chiefs has laid down his arms. There are only two now left in the mountains of the extreme east of the island; their names are Macco and Vicente Garcia. It is said the only reason why they have not surrendered yet is that they ask for commissions in the Spanish army with their present grades. Nothing of this kind has been stipulated in the peace conditions, nor has any other chief claimed this, and the Spanish Government will not grant it. Although peace may thus be considered not entirely re-established in a political point of view, security and good order have been restored. Travel throughout the island has been resumed. Families which left the interior and sought refuge in the cities are returning to their former homes. All the steamers leaving Havana for other parts of the coast are over crowded with persons returning to their old abodes and occupations, while the insurgents, who have been for years in the woods. are coming to Havana and filling the hotels.'

In the Senate of Ontario a statement was made by Mr. Scott in reference to the threatened Indian troubles in the Northwest. He stated that the Government were in constant communication with the mounted police, and there was not the least possible reason for apprehending a hostile alliance between the Blackfeet and Sioux.

LONDON, April 11.-It has been raining steadily since last evening. LONDON, April 11. - A meeting of the manufacturers of Blackburn, Preston & Burnley is

to be held at Manchester to morrow to consider the threatened resistance to the ten per cent. reduction in wages of the operatives. There seems to be great danger of a gigantic strike and lockout throughout Lancashire.

LONDON, April 11 .- The scenes at Lord Leitrim's funeral, in Dublin, yesterday, were very violent and disgraceful. The mob that gathered in front of the church endeavored to capture the hearse, declaring their intention to drag out the corpse. They vituperated the late Earl meurners, and cheered, yelled and hissed durers were roughly handled while endeavoring to make their way into the church yard. All of them had to pass out by an unfrequented way in the rear of the church in order to escape violence. Fifty constables were present, but they were wholly insufficient to cope with the mob, many of whom were druck.

LONDON, April 11.-Prince Lucien Charles Joseph Francis Napoleon Murat is dead.

Presbyterians.

The Washington Presbytery, which has been in session at Washington for the last two or three days, adjourned yesterday. The First Church of this city belongs to this Presbytery, and was represented at the late meeting.

Chesapeake, also in Washington, the session was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Dinwiddie, of this city. The death of the Rev. memorial:—The Revs. Dr. Bullock, Pollock to remain simple spectators. and Elder Moxley. The following special com-Cappon and Branch; on Publication, the Revs. Schools, the Revs. Scott and Brooks; on Systematic Benevolence, the Revs. Brand, Strider | avenged it. and Bradfield; on Evangelistic Work, the Revs. Cannon, Scott and Bradfield.

The Rev. Mr. Branch extended an invitation Catoctin. Elder Tullossee extended a similar hospitality of the Grove.

C. P. Janney, of Leesburg, was chosen to represent the elders and Mr. Gray alternate. Last evening the Rev. Mr. Scott, of Warrenton, addressed the Presbytery.

The Washington Post says: The Rev. A. a union with the Presbyterian Church North," said? "No, I think no such action will be taken. The question has come up in one years to come. When the church was direbels, schismatics, blasphemers, etc. Now and order." party to power would be a great national cala-mity, to avert which all patriotic citizens should old and new schools, so that we have no right "Captain Gay,' said he, 'order you men to old and new schools, so that we have no right to retract what we never said. They then load with ball cartridges.' passed a resolution which stated that the members of the Southern Assembly were good ramrods was heard. The crowd began to give ticipation in some of the necessary steps in this Christian men and they would like to unite waywith them. But the whele question hangs on Resolved, That the President be requested to this point, and it is not likely that the diffinot contemplate an organic union, but simply

The Rev. Dr. Diowiddie, pastor of the Sec-

The Commune in Richmond. Major John M. Daniel gives the following graphic account of the appearance and opera

tions of communists in Richmond during the war, and how they were suppressed: -When Harper's Ferry was captured at the beginning | end of the female commune. They never held of the war, all the available machinery for the manufacture of arms was taken to Richmond. Hundreds of workmen and their wives and daughters had been employed in the arsenals and machine shops, and they followed the machinery to the Capital in search of employment. They got it. For a time they were regularly paid in good money, and everything moved smoothly. But as the currency depreciated they began to suffer. The money received by the workmen would not support their families. As the war progressed Confederate notes became almost valueless. Grant had his hand on the throat of the Confederacy at Petersburg. The wages of the workmen would not purchase food for their families. They protested, but in vain. They were too patriotic to organize a revolution. Their women, however, formed a secret society based on communistic principles. They seem to have held that their husbands were working for the Confederacy, and that the Confederacy was the only safety of the grocers and shopkeepers. Without clothing and provisions their husbands and sons must stop work. This would cut off necessary munitions and supplies, the government would full, and all be involved in one common ruio. To avoid this, a general division of food and clothing must be made. The wives and daughters of laborers and mechanics throughout the Capital general-

ly joined in the movement. While standing in Main street one morning the Major witnessed an extraordinary scene. Hundreds of women suddenly appeared. The broad avenue was filled with them. They came filing in from the cross streets by platoons, and began to sack the stores. Hollow-eyed and gaunt with hunger, nobody dared resist them. A crowd of men hung upon the outskirts, offering no interference and expressing nosympathy for the shopkeepers. The woman took the store in line, one after the other. They proceeded systematically. The goods were piled upon wagons drawa by horses driven by female sym pathizers. Not a word was spoken. The work was done with terrible earnestness. When the mob entered a grocery a certain percentage of them piled the goods upon the outstretched arms of the others, and they were borne to the streets and dumped into the wagons. The women had it all their own way. Neither soldiers nor police were in sight. Meanwhile the crowd increased. Other women heard what was going on, and flocked to Main street for a share of the plunder. Not a man joined them, and for a long time no one made an effect to stop them. At last Congressman Baldwin, of Vir ginia, jumped upon a dry goods box and made an impassioned appeal for law and order. He might as weil have talked to the wind. No one paid the least attention to him. The women went on with their sacking, and the bystanders drowned Baldwin's voice with their whoops and cheers.

"While I was gazing at the scene," said the Major, "I saw a Captain of an Alabama cavalry regiment, with whom I had a slight acquaintance. We were both in uniform. We agreed that something ought to be done to restore orwe stationed ourselves at the door of a store already overrun. In a few seconds a virago ed, starved look, and an eye like a hawk. She carried in her arms a half dozen bars of yellow soap, a piece of dress silk, a long box of stockings, and some raisins and herrings. I said:

forgetting yourself. These goods are not yours. be permitted to leave this store with them.'

"She looked at me," said the Major, "in a wild way, as though endeavoring to comprehend what I had said, and then went to the counter and threw down the goods. As she on his return he attempted to oust her from it. came back she deliberately took me by the arm and slung me from her with such force that I went spinning around like a top, and struck the At yesterday's meeting of the Presbytery of front of the building so hard that it took the breath out of me. She then quietly gathered up her load from the counter and walked out. The Alabama Captain looked at me and laughed, but kept his hands in his pockets and said Dr. Balch was announced and the following nothing. I told him I thought we were out of committee was appointed to prepare a fitting place, and he nodded. We concluded after that

Meanwhile the women were approaching the mittees were appointed:-Committee on De Jews' quarter. The Hebrews were credited votional Exercise, the Revs. A. W. Pitzer and with great wealth. It was said that they had J. V. Shields; on Narrative, the Revs. J. A. | made barrels of money out of the confederacy. Scott and W. L. Holiday; on Finance. Messrs. | and the female communists went at them with-Geo. Wise and J. V. Shields; on Minutes of out a qualm of conscience. Moses and Isaac, Synod, the Revs. Wm. Dinwiddic and however, had heard what was going on above, J. F. Cannon. Dr. Domer, of the English and tried to protect themselves. They put up Lutheran Church, was elected corresponding their shutters, barricaded their doors, ran up member. The following resolution was adopt- stairs, and watched the proceedings from the ed:-"That this Presbytery address a commun- second story windows. But the women were ication to the East Hanover Presbytery asking not dismayed. While some of them ran for it to unite with us in requesting the Synod to axes, others found a long piece of scantling and transfer the Hartwood and Waddell Churches used it as a battering ram. The first door flew to this Presbytery. The following standing open amid the cheers of the outsiders, followed committees were then appointed : - On Foreign | by a wail of sorrow from the Jews. "Oh, mine Missions, the Rev. Mr. Winn and Elder Gray; Kott! mine Kott! I ish ruined! I ish ruinon Sustentation, the Revs. Pitzer, Shields and ed!" was the cry. But they made no further Bullock; on Education, the Revs Dinwiddie, desence. Indeed, it would have been dangerous for them to attempt it, for if one of the Dinwiddie, Strider and Shields; on Sunday female robbers had been hurt the crowd of husbands and brothers would surely have

"And so," said the major, "the spoliation continued. At last a rumor ran through the street, 'the Governor is coming.' It proved to the Presbytery to hold their next meeting at | true. Down the hill came Governor Letcher. accompanied by his staff and a few friends. He invitation from the church at Grove, and said | ascended a cart and made a speech, which had that the Presbytery had not met there since the | as much effect as such speeches usually do have. war. The Presbytery decided to accept the The mob of women kept steadily at work, and the Governor pumped himself dry without Rev. Dr. Bullock was appointed commist producing the least effect. The crowd on the sioner in the General Assembly that moets at outskirts opened respectfully for him to pass Knoxville in May. Dr. Pitzer alternate. Mr. out, and the Jews moaned more pitiful than ever. The women pitched in with renewed vigor, and shawls, sugar, poplins, bottles of pickles, ribbons, washing soda, muslins and duce unchanged. bags of homioy were pitched in the wagons at the door. Then a second rumor spread over W. Pitzer, pastor of the Central Presbyterian | the crowd. The President was coming. This Church, in answer to the question by one of also proved true. President Davis rode down its reporters, "Will there be action taken at from the Capitol, followed by Capt. Gay, with the meeting of the General Assembly, which a bundred of the guards. He mounted a wagon meets in May, at Knoxville, Tenn., locking to and everybody was silent. I had seen him several times, but had never heard him speak. So I forced my way within ten feet of him and stood spellbound. It was the most eloquont speech shape or another for the past eight years, but I ever heard. Tall and slender, he swayed with there is no prospect of a settlement for some emotion like the willow in the wind. His words were carefully chosen. He spoke of his vided by the war, not only by sympathy, but experience in the Mexican war, and while expense and unchanged. Hay active and firm; prime necessity, the Northern Assembly thought that pressing his deepest sympathy with the sorrows they should express their levalty to the Gov- and sufferings of the children of the Confedethey should express their loyalty to the Gov- and sufferings of the children of the Confedeerument, so they passed a resolution calling us racy, steroly maintained the necessity of law

when overtures are made we say if we are | The Major heard that many of the women tions were passed at the Congressional radical rebels, schismatics, etc., you ought not to as- stopped pillaging, and gathered at a distance change. Wheat quiet; futures about to better. sociate with us, but if we are not we want you listening to the words that they could catch. Corn ic better.

to say so. The Northern Assembly said that At the close of the speech the President took Whereas, The restoration of the democratic | the resolution was not passed by this assembly out his watch and gazed at it long and earn-

The order was obeyed, and the ringing of

"'Captain Gay,' said the President, still looking at his watch, 'if this street is not cleared within five minutes, order your men to fire down Main street until it is cleared.,

"Mr. Davis rode away. Within three min-utes there was not a soul in sight but the transmit a copy of this resolution, properly the Northern and Southern Presbyterian Guards. The mob funneled itself into the side authenticated, to the President. information to those in front, and rushed against

pilferers in the stores. They knew the character of Jefferson Davis, and they knew the reputation of old Captain Gay. Where Davis would not flisch from giving an order, Gay would not flinch from obeging it. The women dispersed as suddenly as they came, and that was the another meeting."

Startling Revelations in the Arms. strong Murder Case.

One of the most startling phases of the Hunter case yet brought to light occurred last week. The information is received from the most reliable sources and from the parties directly in. terested. Last week Hunter made a direct proposition to parties connected with the Camden jail to poison Graham, the man who made the confession a short time ago, and who was one of the accessories to the murderer of Mr. John M. Armstrong.

Although Judge Jimmy Ware keeps a strict watch on Hunter during the day, the caged murderer found occasion last week to ask the person who brought him his food whether he took Graham his meals.

'Yes, sir I do." replied the man, who is one of the inmates of the jail, and is confined for as-

sault and battery.
"Then," replied Hunterin a low voice, so that Ware could not hear him, "I'll see you again." A few days afterwards the man took Hunter' supper to him, and, having previously given notice to the authorities of what Hunter had said, the watchman was instructed to pass out of the room and appear unconcerned in the matter He followed the instructions implicitly, and the plan was carried out. When the man handed the meal into the care

Hunter said : "I'll give you \$200 to kill Graham."
"How will I do it?" he asked

"Put strychnine in his coffee," answered Hunter.

"I'il think about it," was the reply. The man came down stairs in a very nervous condition. This was noticed, and he was quetioned by one of the keepers as to whether he

was ill.
"No," he replied; "Hunter offered me \$200 to poison Graham. Ch, I'll tell you all, if it won't get me into trouble.

"Keep quiet," said the keeper, Mr. Kennedy You are all right." The man then related his conversations with Hunter, and also stated that the money was to be paid yesterday. Kennedy told him to go to

Hunter and get the money. The next time the man carried Hunter's mea to him he asked for the money.
"Oh! that will be all right," said the prisoner

'you can have it on Tuesday, sure." "Oh! but I must have it now," the man said "I can't give it to you to day, but it will be

here on Tuesday," persisted Hunter. The money was not paid yesterday, and Gra ham was not poisoned but still lives. Otherparties have been charged with the task of giving him his meals, and a strict watch is kep over him, so that Hunter's design to aid another murder to his previous one will not be carriout .- Phila. Record.

In regard to the Hunter murder case it is stated that the character of the man Kilis who informed on Hunter is not very good. Mr. Scovel, the counsel for Hunter, states that instead of Hunter making a proposition to Ellis to poison Graham for \$200 that Ellis made the proposi-tion to Hunter to get rid of Graham for \$200

Murder and Suicide.

NEW YORK, April 11 .- Launcelot Fogarty, aged 40, of 330 West 12d street, killed his wife Margaret, aged 35, early this morning and then killed himself. The first intimation of the mu der was when a police officer was patrolling in tried to pass us. I can see her now. Her that neighborhood, he was met by a boy of cheeks and lips were red, but she had a pinch- years, who exclaimed "Come with me-lather has killed himself and mother." The officer, followed the boy to the place indicated, where in a back roon, both man and wife were found lying on the floor, which was covered with blood. Their ciothing was also satuated with "Madam, I beg your pardon; but you are blood and a new book-binder's knife, stained with some fluid, was found close by. Their You have not paid for them, and you will not children were found in a terrified condition in the room. The tragedy is supposed to have arisen over a quarrel about the possession of a grocery store. It appears that Fogarty left his wife some time ago and went to Chicago. In

his absence his wife started a grocery store, and The wife caused his arrest and the parties were up in the police court yesterday, when the judge dismissed the case and warned Fogarty not to annoy his wife, but it seems he took this way of settling the dispute.

The Eighth Congressional District WARREN CO. VA.

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette: Recognizing the fact, that the Gazette is the

conservative organ of Northern Virginia, the people look to it as their political guide. Quite a number of gentlemen have been

named for Congress, and among them is the name of James V. Brooke, of Fauquier, who is considered to be the strongest man in the field, so far as this section is concerned. We don't know any particular merit about General Hunton except that he has been the

recipient of about thirty thousand dollars from the government, and that he was one of the champions of the Electoral bill which placed Hayes in the White House. These reasons d not appear to be commendable reasons, with democrats, to return the present representative.

Dr. Charles Brown, of Amberst county though ninety-five years old thinks nothing of riding twenty five miles on horseback without getting out of the saddle.

One of our most estimable citizens may be thankful for the introduction of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, for its timely use has saved his

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, April 11, 1878 .- The transactions in Flour continue light, and prices are unchanged. Wheat is a little firmer, and receipts have somewhat increased; sales to-day of 640 bushels at 128, 130, 131 and 133, as to quality, 925 bushels of Corn sold at 55 for yellow. 55, 55½ and 53 for mixed, and 110 bushelsof Rye brought 58. No Oats reported. Country Pro-

BALTIMORE. April 11 .- Virginia 6s, old. 22 do. deferred 41; do. consolidated 591; do. 2d series 311. Cotton quiet and steady; middling nominally 101. Flour dull and inactive, but unchanged. Wheat-Southern quiet; no receipts; Western quiet and firm; Southern red 120a133; do amber 135; Penns red 132a131; No winter red Western spot and April 130a130 May 131a1311. Corn—Southern quiet and steady; Western dull, weak and lower; Southern white and yellow 51a52; Western mixed spot and April 51; May 522 s527; June 52 s a54. Ost quiet and easy; Southern 32a35; Western white 33a34; do mixed 32; Penna 33a35. Rye dull changed. Whiskey quiet and steady at 100al 00

NEW YORK, April 11.-Stocks firm. Mone 7. Gold 100% 100%. Flour without decided

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, APRIL 11. Sun rises...... 5 20 | Sun sets... 6 32

ARRIVED.

Str Express. Baltimore, to J Breders & Co. Schr A B Fields, Norfolk, to Smoot & Perry. Schr R H Shannon, Washington, to Ameri can Coal Co.

PASSED DOWN. Schr Chas Wolsey, Washington, for Norfelk.

BAILED. Str J WThompson, Leonardtown by FA Reed Str Mattano, Nomini, by J Breders & Co. Schr Jesse Hart 2d, Bristol, by Hampshir

and Baltimore Coal Co. MEMORANDA.

The report that the schooner ashore at Jone.